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## **Chemistry Content Standards:**

Chemical equilibrium is a dynamic process at the molecular level.

<u>Standard 9a:</u> Students know how to use LerChatelier's principle to predict the effect of changes in concentration, temperature, and pressure.

Standard 9b: Students know equilibrium is established when forward and reverse reaction rates are equal.

Standard 9c: Students know how to write and calculate an equilibrium constant expression for a reaction.

18.1.1: Describe how to express the rate of a chemical reaction

18.1.2: Identify four factors that influence the rate of a chemical reaction

Stamp: All unstamped work

Lecture: Chapter 18.1, Rates of Reactions

## **Chemical Kinetics PPT**

- The equilibrium constant, K<sub>c</sub>
- Gas equilibrium constant, Kp
- Relationship between K<sub>c</sub> and K<sub>p</sub>
- Concentration changes
- The reaction Quotient

## Chapter 18.2, Reversible Reactions and Equilibrium

**Equilibrium and Le Chatelier's Principle PPT** 

- Equilibrium constant, Keq
- Reversible reactions
- Le Chatelier's Principle

Notes: Chemical Kinetics page 63 NB

Class work: Students should:

- 1. Equilibrium Practice Problems
- 2. Practice Problems 18.1
- 3. Practice Problems 18.2

Homework: None